Identifiers have three essential attributes:

storage duration

scope

linkage

# **Storage Duration**

### storage duration

determines when memory is set aside for the variable and when that memory is released

#### automatic

allocated when the surrounding block is executed deallocated when the block terminates

#### static

stays in the same storage location as long as the program is running can retain its value indefinitely (until program terminates)

### **Automatic Storage Duration**

```
automatic

allocated when the surrounding block is executed deallocated when the block terminates
```

```
void Sort(int list[], int Sz) {
  int startIdx = 0;
  ...
}
```

declared inside a block

created (memory allocated) on each call

initialized on each call

deallocated (memory reclaimed) when call ends

## Static Storage Duration

```
static

stays in the same storage location as long as the program is running
can retain its value indefinitely (until program terminates)
```

```
int numCallsToSort = 0;
....

void Sort(int list[], int Sz) {
    static int numSwaps = 0;
    ...
}
```

declared outside all blocks

initialized once, keeps its value until program ends

declared inside a block, with
 keyword static

initialized once, keeps its value from one call to the next

#### scope

(of an identifier) the range of program statements within which the identifier is recognized as a valid name

#### block scope

visible from its point of declaration to the end of the enclosing block place declaration within a block

#### file scope

visible from its point of declaration to the end of the enclosing file place declaration outside of all blocks (typically at beginning of file)

### block scope

visible from its point of declaration to the end of the enclosing block place declaration within a block

```
void Sort(int list[], int Sz) {
   static int numSwaps = 0;
   int startIdx = 0;

   for ( ... ) {
      int stopIdx = ...;
   }
   ...
   return;
}
```

declared inside a block

can only be referred to from declaration to end of block

# File Scope

```
visible from its point of declaration to the end of the enclosing file
place declaration outside of all blocks (typically at beginning of file)
```

```
int numCallsToSort = 0;
...

void Sort(int list[], int Sz) {
...
}
```

declared outside all blocks

can be referred to from any function within the file

potentially dangerous

avoid unless necessary

pass parameters instead

### linkage

determines the extent to which the variable can be shared by different parts of the program

#### external linkage

may be shared by several (or all) files in the program

#### internal linkage

restricted to a single file, but shared by all functions within that file

#### no linkage

restricted to a single function

## **External Linkage**

external linkage

may be shared by several (or all) files in the program

```
int numCallsToSort = 0;
....

void Sort(int list[], int Sz) {
....
}
```

declared outside all blocks

can be referred to from other files

potentially very dangerous use only if necessary

## Internal Linkage

#### internal linkage

restricted to a single file, but shared by all functions within that file

```
static int numCallsToSort = 0;
...

void Sort(int list[], int Sz) {
...
}
```

declared outside all blocks, using reserved word static

cannot be referred to from other files

potentially dangerous

use only if necessary

## No Linkage

```
no linkage
    restricted to a single function
  void Sort(int list[], int Sz) {
                                                  declared inside a block
      static int numSwaps = 0;
      int startIdx = 0;
```

can only be referred to within the block where the declaration is placed

### Determining the Attributes

The default storage duration, scope and linkage of a variable depend on the location of its declaration:

inside a block automatic storage duration, block scope, no linkage

outside any block static storage duration, file scope, external linkage

When the defaults are not satisfactory, see:

auto

static

extern

register

### Example: Declarations/Definitions

```
// A.c
int externalA = 10;  // definition: external linkage,
                          // static storage, file scope
static int staticA = 20;  // definition: internal linkage,
                         // static storage, file scope
void A() {
  int localA = 0;  // definition: no linkage,
   static int local static A = 0; // definition: no linkage,
                              // static storage, block scope
           // main.c
           extern int externalA; // declaration, not definition
           int main() {
```

### Example: Full Source

```
// A.c
#include <stdio.h>
int external = 10; // definition: external linkage,
                          // static storage, file scope
static int staticA = 20; // definition: internal linkage,
                          // static storage, file scope
void A() {
  printf(" A(): externalA = %d\n", externalA);
  printf(" A(): staticA = %d\n", staticA);
  int localA = 0; // definition: no linkage,
                          // auto storage, block scope
  ++localA;
  printf(" A(): localA = %d\n", localA);
  static int local static A = 0; // definition: no linkage,
                              // static storage, block scope
  ++localstaticA;
  printf(" A(): localstaticA = %d\n", localstaticA);
```

### Example: Full Source

```
// main.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include "A.h"
extern int externalA; // declaration, not definition
int main() {
  printf("main(): making first call to A():\n");
  A();
  printf("main(): resetting externA:\n");
  externalA = 5;
  printf("main(): making second call to A():\n");
  A();
  printf("main(): making third call to A():\n");
  A();
                                               // A.h
                                                #ifndef A H
  return 0;
                                                #define A H
                                               void A();
                                                #endif
```

### Example: First Call

```
printf("main(): making first call to A():\n");
A();
. . .
```

```
main(): making first call to A():
   A(): externalA = 10
   A(): staticA = 20
   A(): localA = 1
   A(): localstaticA = 1
```

### Example: Access and Second Call

```
printf("main(): resetting externA:\n");
externalA = 5;
printf("main(): making second call to A():\n");
A();
```

```
main(): making second call to A():
   A(): externalA = 5
   A(): staticA = 20
   A(): localA = 1
   A(): localstaticA = 2
```

## Example: Third Call

```
printf("main(): making third call to A():\n");
A();
```

```
main(): making third call to A():
   A(): externalA = 5
   A(): staticA = 20
   A(): localA = 1
   A(): localstaticA = 3
```