CS3204 Operating Systems - Fall 2000 Instructor: Dr. Craig A. Struble Homework 4

Assigned: Thursday, Oct. 26, 2000	Due: Thursday, Nov. 2, 2000

1. [6 pts.] Exercise 1 in Nutt, Chapter 11.

2. [5 pts.] Exercise 3 in Nutt, Chapter 11. Your answer must be written concisely and in complete sentences.

3. [10 pts.] Suppose there is a process P split up into 9 modules. The memory usage of each module is contained in the following table.

Module	Memory
А	33
В	27
\mathbf{C}	17
D	30
Ε	20
F	42
G	5
Η	14
Ι	10

Suppose that the modules depend on each other in the following way: A depends on B and F, B depends on C and D, D depends on E, F depends on G and H, and G depends on I.

- 1. How much memory is required to execute P using single contiguous memory?
- 2. Using the overlay memory management technique:
 - (a) Draw a block diagram showing the memory usage of process P, using the most space efficient memory layout for the modules.
 - (b) How much memory is required to execute P?
 - (c) Assume that main memory is exactly the size needed to execute P. Give a list of overlays in memory when internal fragmentation arises.
 - (d) How much memory is unused due to fragmentation?

- 1. How many pages are needed for a process with a 41967 byte address space?
- 2. If a process accesses virtual address $\langle 3927, 492 \rangle$, what compiled address was accessed?

5. [5 pts.] Which kind of fragmentation is more problematic in pure paging systems and why?

^{4. [4} pts.] Suppose a pure paging memory management technique is being used to allocate byte addressable primary memory. The page and block sizes are 512 bytes.