

## Slides

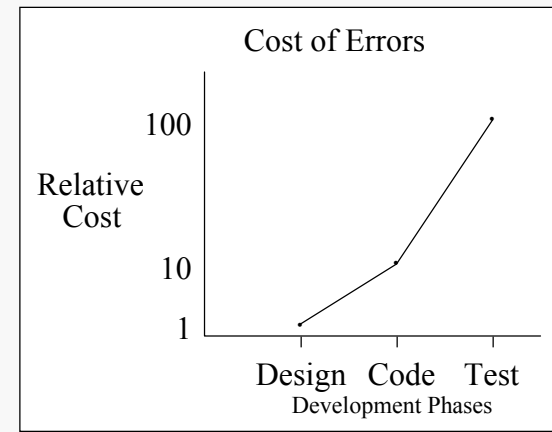
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## Software Systems

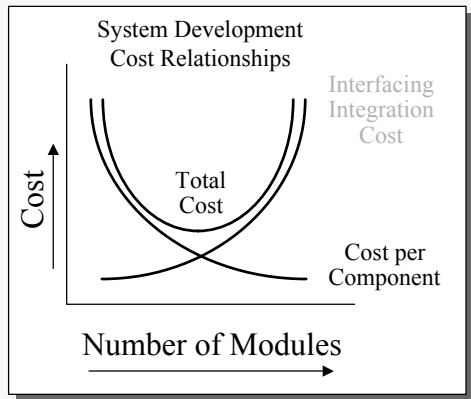
- "An integrated whole composed of diverse, interacting, specialized structures and subfunctions." [IEEE]

## Software Engineering

- Disciplined systematic technological activity for producing and maintaining software products by means of a controlled efficient process.



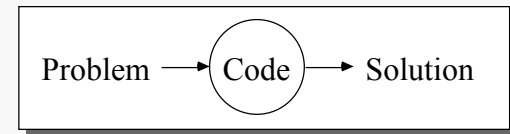
Cost vs. Number of Modules



Project	Cost (millions)	Instructions (millions)	Effort (work years)
Apollo Skylab	\$209	23	6,000
NASA Satellite	\$ 30	1.25	1,000
Range Monitoring			
FAA Air Traffic Control	\$103	1.48	5,000
<b>Safeguard ABM</b>	\$120	1.87	3,500

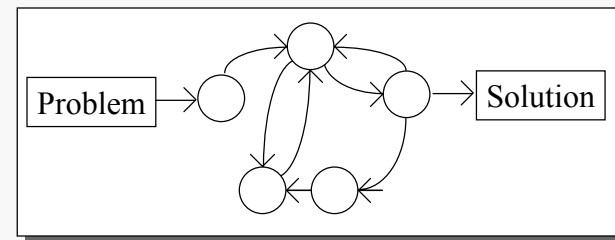
Programming

- Goal: Write Code



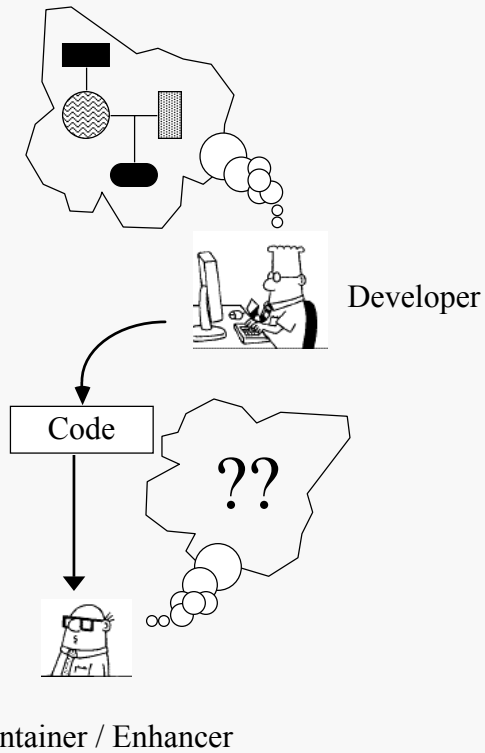
Software Design

- Goals
  - Select components
  - State Functions
  - State Interfaces



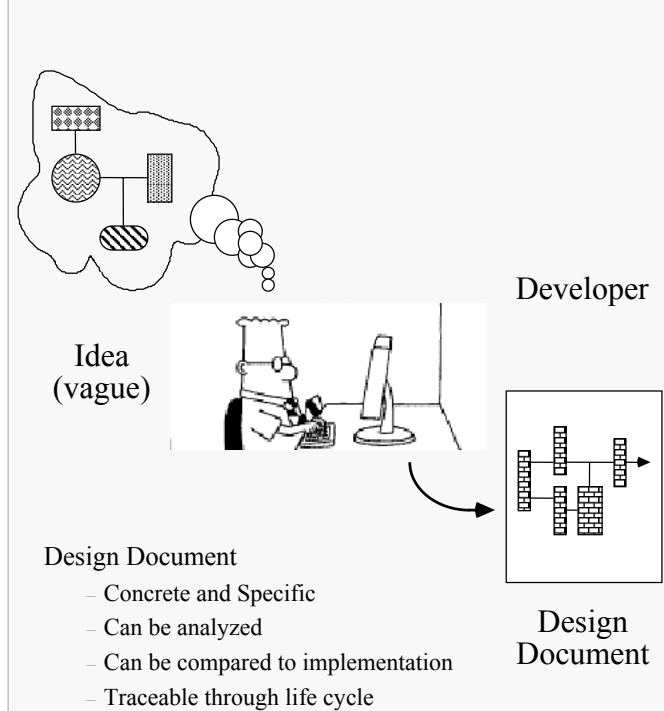
## Poor Communication

1. Intro SE 5



## Design Communication

1. Intro SE 6



## Design Elements

1. Intro SE 7

### A Design should contain

- Components
- Procedures
- Functions

### Function of Each Component

- Suggestive names

### Interfaces

- Control
  - Calling Hierarchy
- Data
  - Parameters
  - Global Variables
  - Files

## Structure Chart

1. Intro SE 8

### Structure Chart

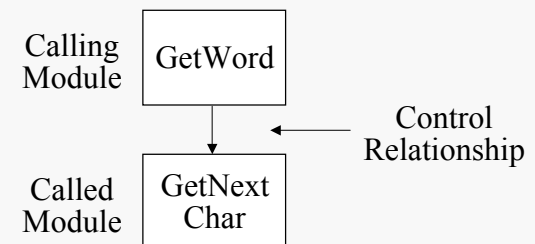
- A graphic tool used to hierarchically model the design solution of a problem.

### Contains:

- Individual modules
- Data passed to/from modules
- Control Interfaces between modules

Does NOT contain a complete representation of the internal structure of individual modules.

### Basic Elements



## Parameter Notation

1. Intro SE 9

### Parameter Direction Flow

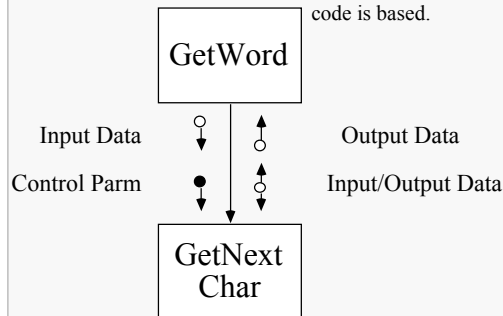
#### - 3 Types

1. Input: Value Parameters & Const Reference Parameters
2. Output: Reference Parameters (Function changes parameter values independently of parameter's original [passed] value.)
3. I/O: Reference Parameters (Function changes parameter values dependent upon of parameter's original [passed] value.)

### Parameter Classes

#### - 2 Classes

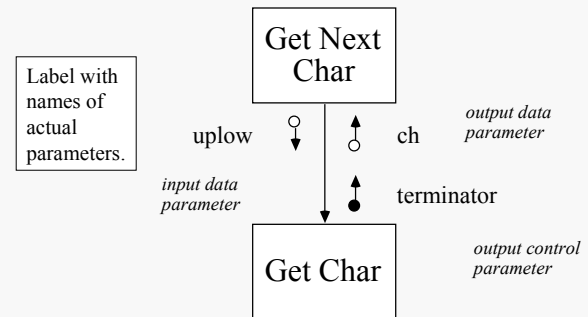
1. Data Parameter: Any parameter upon which NO decision in the called module's or calling module's code is based.
2. Control Parameter: Any parameter upon which a decision in the called module's or calling module's code is based.



## Parameter Example

1. Intro SE 10

```
void GetNextChar ( . . . ) {  
    . . .  
    GetChar (ch, uplow, terminator);  
    if (terminator) . . .  
}
```



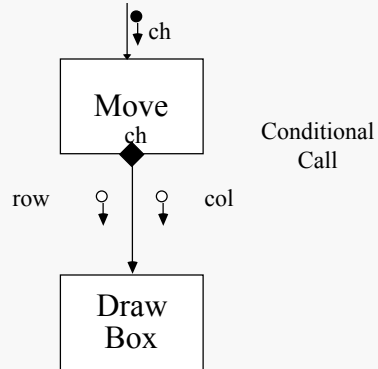
```
void GetChar(char& chact,  
            uplowtype uplowCase,  
            bool& terminal )
```

Note: Function return values are treated as output parameters (list variable to which they are assigned).

Calls to multiple functions are usually listed left-right in order of execution.

```
void Move(. . . ) {
    ...
    if ( ch == plus )
        DrawBox (row, col);
    ...
}
```

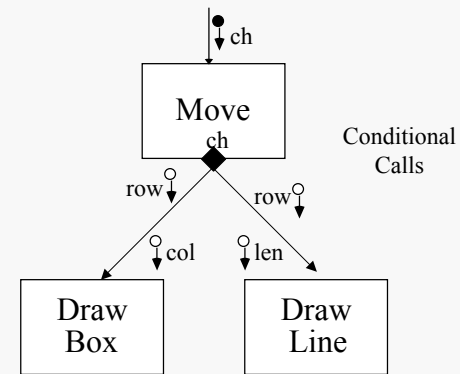
Label decision with name(s) of variables used in decision.



Conditional Call

What does the function header for DrawBox look like?

```
void Move(. . . ) {
    ...
    if ( ch == plus )
        DrawBox (row, col);
    else
        DrawLine (row, len);
    ...
}
```



Conditional Calls

Select statements are diagrammed in a similar manner with multiple calls emanating from the decision diamond.

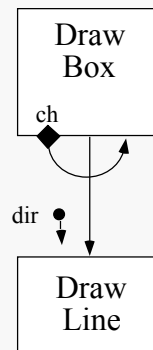
## Flow Control: Loop

1. Intro SE 13

```
void Drawbox ( . . . ) {  
    ...  
    while (ch != plus)  
    {  
        ...  
        DrawLine ( dir );  
        ...  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

Label with  
name(s) of  
variables  
used in  
decision.

Conditional  
Loop

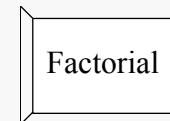


## Misc. Routine Calls

1. Intro SE 14

Recursive Routines:

- Routines that call themselves



Operating System Calls:



Predefined Module:

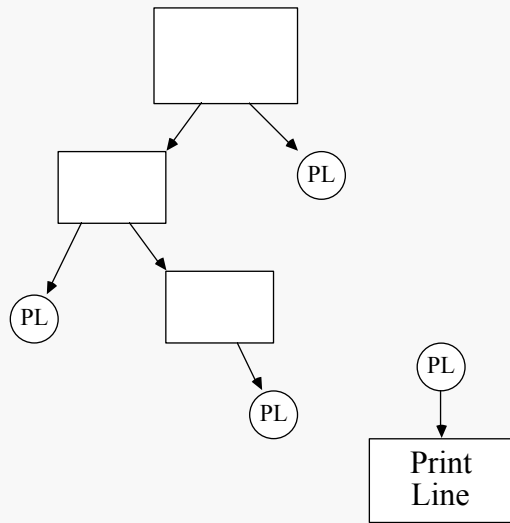
- (library routines)



## Connector Symbol

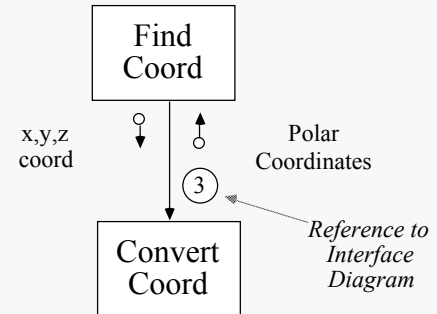
1. Intro SE 15

Large designs span many pages



## Interface Diagram

1. Intro SE 16



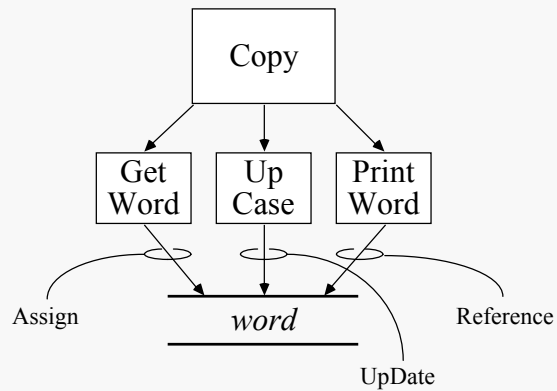
Interface Diagram #3

Parameter	Type	Dir	Description
x	data	in	Cartesian coords
y	data	in	of point
z	data	in	
scale	data	in	scale of axis
angrad	cont	in	angle degrees (rad)
angle	data	out	polar coords
dist	data	out	of point



Global Data (extern)

- Must be highly justifiable (semi-global)
  - separately compiled, module scope
- Operation
  - Assign
  - Update
  - Reference



Global Variables introduce complexities that must be mapped and traceable.

Global Structures

	...	Form	Setting	Date	...
⋮					
GetNext		R	U		
Advance		U	A	R	
PutNext		A	R		
Reset			A	A	
⋮					

Procedures

U : Update    A : Assign    R : Reference