### CSP and ADA

#### **Guarded Commands**

- Monitor/Serializer: begin executing every call as soon as possible, waiting if the object is not in a proper state and signaling when the state is proper
- CSP/Ada: the called object establishes conditions under which the call is accepted; calls not satisfying these conditions are held pending (no need for programmed wait/signal operations).

#### Rendezvous

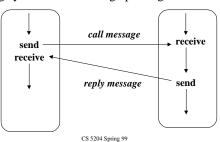
- Monitor/Serializer: the monitor/ synchronizer is passive (has no independent task/thread/activity)
- CSP/Ada: synchronization between peer, autonomous activities.

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### CSP and ADA

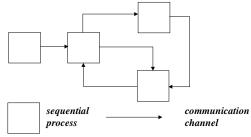
#### Distribution:

- Monitor/Serializer: inherently non-distributed in outlook and implementation
- CSP/Ada: possibility for distributed programming using synchronous message passing



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# Communicating Sequential Processes (CSP)

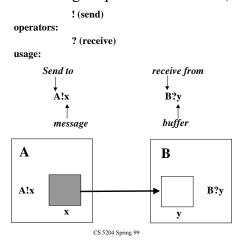


- · single thread of control
- autonomous
- · encapsulated
- named
- static

- synchronous
- reliable
- · unidirectional
- point-to-point
- fixed topology

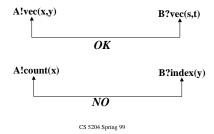
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## Communicating Sequential Processes (CSP)



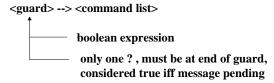
## Communicating Sequential Processes (CSP)

- rendezvous semantics: senders (receivers) remain blocked at send (receive) operation until a matching receive (send) operation is made.
- typed messages: the type of the message sent by the sender and the type of the message expected by the receiver must match (otherwise abort).



# Communicating Sequential Processes (CSP)

**Guarded Commands** 



Examples

$$n < 10 --> A!index(n); n := n + 1; n < 10; A?index(n) --> next = A(n);$$

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## Communicating Sequential Processes (CSP)

#### Alternative Command

```
[ G1 --> S1 [] G2 --> S2 [] ... [] Gn --> Sn ]
```

- 1. evaluate all guards
- 2. if more than on guard is true, <u>nondeterministically</u> select one.
- 3. if no guard is true, terminate.

**Note:** if all true guards end with an input command for which there is no pending message, then delay the evaluation until a message arrives. If all senders have terminated, then the alternative command terminates.

#### Repetitive Command

```
* [ G1 --> S1 [] G2 --> S2 [] ... [] Gn --> Sn ]
```

repeatedly execute the alternative command until it terminates

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# ADA Example

```
task bounded-buffer is
   entry store(x : buffer);
   entry remove(y: buffer);
end;
task body bounded-buffer is
...declarations...
begin
  loop
     select
            when head < tail + 10 =>
            accept store(x : buffer) ... end store;
     or
            when tail < head =>
            accept remove(y: buffer) ... end remove;
      end select;
  end loop
end
```

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## Communicating Sequential Processes (CSP)

### Examples:

```
[x >= y --> m := x [] y >= x --> m ;+ y ]
    i := 0; * [ i < size; content(i) != n --> i := i + 1 ]
* [ c: character; west?c --> east!c ]
* [ n : integer; X?insert(n) --> INSERT
    []
    n : integer; X?has(n) --> SEARCH; X!(i < size) ]
BoundedBuffer::
    buffer: (0..9) portion;
    in, out : integer; in := 0; out := 0;
    * [ in < out + 10; producer?buffer(in mod 10)
             --> in := in + 1;
          []
          out < in; consumer?more()</pre>
              --> consumer!buffer(out mod 10);
               out := out + 1;
    ]
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```